

# Democratic Northwest.

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NO 47

## THE NORTHWEST

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—BY—  
L. L. ORWIG.

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## There is a Man Up in Maine!

So very absent-minded that on going up his own steps, to his own door, he saw on a card that he would be back in two hours, so he sat down to wait for himself. As we have had no late advice we yet say whether he is waiting there yet or not. But this serves to illustrate how some people are waiting for themselves, for it is seldom that harvests are reaped without sowing, and he who is waiting like MacCawber for something to turn up is just simply waiting for himself, since it is one's self that puts out the energy, that makes the cause, that produces the effect. We think that we are safe in saying that thousands of people of Henry county have had and now have the energy to reach our store, and by their energy they have found the cause that produces the desired economical effect. We don't know that there are any who have never tried our goods and prices but if there are they must be waiting for us to bring our store to them; we want to say that we can't very well tote this store up and down the earth, and then, too, we are busy just at present supplying a long array of customers who just at this particular time of the year are looking around for suitable Holiday Goods. Speaking of the coming holidays, a Old Santa Claus has certainly made our store his headquarters in this part of the State. He has displayed in our room new styles of ladies' Card Cases and Pocket Books, the finest stock ever seen in Napoleon, Gentlemen's Shaving Sets, Collar and Cuff Boxes, Manicure Sets, Ladies' Toilet Sets, all new and elegant designs, French Plate Mirrors, Smoker's Sets, elegant line; Plush and Leather Collar and Cuff Boxes, Comb and Brush Cases, Order Cases, Office and Fancy Ink Stands, Ladies' Work Boxes, Perfumes, put up in magnificent bottles and cases, Fine Soaps and Toilet Articles, Gold Pens and Holders, Pencil Charms, &c.

Our Book and Stationery Department is perfect, and is well stocked with the popular Alta and Claxton editions of books, which sell at 35c, worth \$1.00! Plush and Leather Covered Books, very fine and cheap; Complete Sets of Dickens, Walter Scott, Cooper, Thackeray, George Eliot, E. P. Roe, &c. Gibbon's Roman Empire, McCauley's Essays, Sketches of Mark Twain, Will Carleton's Works, and all the Standard Poets; Bibles and Testaments, Bagster's Teachers' Bibles; a large assortment of miscellaneous Works, Juvenile Books, including Histories of France, Germany and the United States in words of one syllable. Gift Books, finely illustrated, Dutton Monographs and Illustrated Songs and Poems. Photograph and Autograph Albums, Picture Card Albums, Picture Frames, a fine line of Easels, Games, Children's Building Blocks, Dissected Maps, Stereoscopes and Views. Fine Stationery, Diaries, &c.

In fact, those in quest of holiday gifts, both useful and ornamental, cannot fail to find them at our house, and at such extremely low prices that all must be pleased and satisfied.

We still carry a large and complete stock of Wall Paper, Paints, Oils and Brushes, and would say that now is the season of the year to purchase these goods cheap. Come in and lay in a supply.

Don't be without a supply of good wholesome medicines at this season of the year. Our drug and medicine department is complete, and all articles sold as cheap as can be anywhere.

SAUR & BALSLEY.

## A YEAR'S RECORD.

### A Few Statistics Concerning the Year Just Ended.

#### LOSSES BY FIRE, DISASTERS, SUICIDES AND HANGINGS.

The Fire Loss Considerably Below the Past Two Years—Nearly Seventy-Five Thousand Lives Have Been Lost by Battle, Pestilence and Disasters—The South Leads in Lynchings.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 8.—During the year just closed the entire fire losses in the United States, adding those under \$100,000 in each case, will reach less than \$100,000,000; compared with about \$130,000,000 in 1887 and \$115,000,000 in 1886. The losses are summarized by months: January \$7,310,000; February, \$4,490,000; March, \$3,796,000; April, \$4,360,000; May, \$3,130,000; June, \$3,025,000; July, \$3,965,000; August, \$3,675,000; September, \$3,387,000; October, \$1,330,000; November, \$3,810,000; December, \$3,301,000, making a total of \$47,470,000, as compared with a total of \$65,158,000 in 1887, \$40,024,000 in 1886 and \$32,466,500 in 1885.

There have been 4,015 lives lost upon ocean and 80 upon the lakes and rivers, making a total of 4,095, as compared with a total of 6,792 in 1887, 2,749 in 1886, and 2,397 in 1885. Fifteen hundred and fifty-four lives have been lost by railroad, 2,801 by disasters in the new world, 49,300 in the old world, and 16,807 by battle and pestilence, making in all 74,007, as compared with 199,194 in 1887, 121,791 in 1886 and 387,493 in 1885.

During the past year 1,457 persons committed suicide. Of this number 1,145 were males and 312 females. As compared with previously years in 1887, 1,387 suicides; in 1886, 914 and in 1885, 978. The cause which led the greatest number to take their lives was despondency, and there were 433 of these; 384 suicides from unknown causes, 198 were insane, 112 had domestic troubles, 108 indulged in liquor to excess and 139 were disappointed in love. In 1887, 1,387 suicides; in 1886, 914 and in 1885, 978. The cause which led the greatest number to take their lives was despondency, and there were 433 of these; 384 suicides from unknown causes, 198 were insane, 112 had domestic troubles, 108 indulged in liquor to excess and 139 were disappointed in love. In 1887, 1,387 suicides; in 1886, 914 and in 1885, 978. The cause which led the greatest number to take their lives was despondency, and there were 433 of these; 384 suicides from unknown causes, 198 were insane, 112 had domestic troubles, 108 indulged in liquor to excess and 139 were disappointed in love.

The favorite method of suiciding in 1888 was by shooting—578, or more than a third, took themselves; 349, or more than a quarter, took poison; 228, or more than a fifth, hanged themselves; 131 drowned themselves; 11 cut their throats, 36 threw themselves in front of locomotives, 35 jumped from windows or house tops, 13 stabbed themselves, 2 blew themselves up with powder, 1 only suicided by strangling, and 1 only by scalding.

There were more legal executions last year than the year before. There were 87, as compared with 79 in 1887; 83 in 1886, and 108 in 1885. New York leads all the states in this regard. There were 9 executions in the Empire state. Five each in Alabama, Arkansas, California and South Carolina. Mississippi, Missouri and New Jersey had 4 each; Texas, 6; Georgia, Louisiana and Ohio 3 each; and Illinois, Kansas, North Carolina, Tennessee, Idaho, Montana and Indian Territory, 2 each; Connecticut, Delaware, Indiana, Iowa, Kentucky, Maryland, Massachusetts, Minnesota, Oregon, Arizona, Washington and Wyoming, only 1 each, and Maine, Rhode Island, New Hampshire, Vermont and Florida, none.

Judge Lynch has executed more than Jack Keesh, and the increase was a decided one over last year. There were 144 persons lynched, and of these 101 were in the south, 67 were whites, 4 colored, 3 Indians and 1 woman. Compared with preceding years, in 1887 there were 123 lynchings; in 1886, 133; in 1885, 181. In the various states they were as follows: Alabama, 11; Arkansas, 21; California, 2; Colorado, 5; Florida, 2; Georgia, 13; Illinois, 3; Kansas, 4; Kentucky, 7; Louisiana, 8; Michigan, 1; Mississippi, 11; Missouri, 3; Nevada, 1; Nebraska, 3; North Carolina, 10; Pennsylvania, 1; South Carolina, 2; Tennessee, 7; Texas, 15; Virginia, 4; West Virginia, 1; Wisconsin, 1; Arizona, 4; Dakota, 4; Idaho, 5; Montana, 5; Wyoming, 2; Indian Territory, 6.

AGAIN AT WORK.  
Congress Reassembles After an Unusually Short Vacation.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 3.—Congress assembled after a much shorter holiday recess than is usually taken. The attendance is fair and there is no reason why business should not go rapidly forward till midnight on the 3d of March, at which hour and time the life of this congress expires by constitutional decree.

There is an abundance of work for congress to do in the two months of life that remain to it, but there seems to be a general feeling that a great deal will not be accomplished.

The house of representatives will spend a great deal of time in idle talk, and there will be little to show for its efforts when the history of the session is written. There is an apparent lack of interest and responsibility about the present house of representatives which indicates an indisposition to serious work on the part of the members.

Haytian News.  
NEW YORK, Jan. 3.—The Mail and Express in an extra edition prints a dispatch from Port-au-Prince, dated December 31, stating that the Haytian newspapers treat Mr. Thompson, the United States minister to Hayti, in a very violent manner and that several Americans have been placed under arrest. The dispatch also states that the American consulate is filled with refugees. Legitimate is said to have announced that he will, if necessary, shoot foreigners who interfere in the politics of Hayti.

Arm Chopped Off Inch by Inch.

SPRINGFIELD, O., Jan. 3.—One of the most horrible accidents ever recorded occurred three miles in the country Monday night. Ely Buckley, farmer, was operating a feed cutting machine. While putting in corn stalks his mitten was caught in the cogs and his arm drawn into the knives, which were set to cut every inch. The machine was operated by steam, and inch by inch the man's hand and arm to the elbow were chopped off before the machine could be stopped. He is in a critical condition.

The New Chesapeake & Ohio Line.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 5.—The river division of the Chesapeake & Ohio and the new Chesapeake & Ohio bridge have been turned over to President Ingalls by the construction company. The bridge is, of course, however, not entirely completed, but is so far completed as to permit of the passage of trains. Next Monday local passenger trains running as far as Ashland, Ky., will be put on.

## LOGAN MEMORIAL HALL.

The Widow's Tribute to the Dead General Nearly Completed.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 7.—The memorial hall which Mrs. Logan planned shortly after Gen. Logan's death is nearly finished. It is a room forty feet by twenty-five in the wing



THE LOGAN HOMESTEAD.

of the Logan home at Calumet Place. The walls have been painted red. The design of the frieze is an eagle with outstretched wings, bearing in his beak a scroll inscribed with the name of the battles in which Logan took part.

A skylight of stained glass has been placed in the roof, and a memorial window has in the center a portrait of the general. Book cases are to be built around the four walls of Gen. Logan's large library. Among all his books Mrs. Logan values most his scrap books containing incidents of his life. She herself compiled them.

The memorial tablets and resolutions of condolence which Mrs. Logan received after the death of Gen. A. R. posts and military organizations will form a part of the decoration of the room. Here will be placed also the flags borne by his commands during the war. Among them is the battle torn colors of his regiment, the old Thirty-first Illinois, following which he was cut down at Donelson, and left for dead on the field; the flag he bore as a commander of the van of Grant's victorious army in the march into Vicksburg; the emblem of the Fifteenth corps, with the cartridge box in the center bearing the words "Forty rounds"; and the headquarter's flag of the army of Tennessee. Near the flags will be hung the sword, from the blade of the second lieutenant in the Mexican war to the major general's sword.

### THE FIFTIETH CONGRESS.

The Proceedings of Both Houses for Wednesday.

In the senate a number of petitions were presented. Consideration of the tariff bill was resumed. At 6 p. m. the senate adjourned.

In the house a bill was passed granting thirty days annual leave to the employees of the bureau of printing and engraving; also a bill prohibiting attorneys from charging a fee for securing an increase of pensions, but permitting a contract with any person in the state where an applicant lives, at the rate of \$3 for each case. A joint resolution was introduced for the admission of Idaho and Arizona. A bill was passed providing for the delivery of letters with special delivery stamps whereon lawful postage has been omitted, and for the collection of the amount due. The river and harbor bill was taken up. At 4:30 p. m. the house adjourned.

Thursday.

In the senate the tariff bill was taken up and the cotton thread schedule considered until 5 p. m., when the senate adjourned. In the house, after the passage of some unimportant bills, a resolution was reported from the committee on rules providing that during the remainder of the session there shall be no call of states for the introduction of bills on suspension Mondays. This would prevent filibustering on those days, and the filibusters interested made the point of no quorum. Progress was thus stopped, and at 3 p. m. the house adjourned.

Friday.

In the senate Mr. Sherman reported a resolution which was agreed to, calling for all correspondence and information touching the recent occurrences in Hayti. A resolution was reported expressing disapproval of the connection of any European government with the construction or control of the Panama canal. The tariff bill was considered until 5 p. m., when the senate adjourned. In the house the Nicaragua canal bill was passed, with several amendments regulating the issue of stock and disclaiming responsibility on the part of the United States. The resolution abolishing the call of states for the introduction of bills on first and third Mondays was called up, and filibustering against after a debate on the rights of the minority. At 4 p. m. the house adjourned.

Saturday.

In the senate the Panama canal resolution declaring the Monroe doctrine in that connection was debated. It finally went over until Monday. The tariff bill was then taken up. At 4:45 p. m. the senate adjourned. In the house the bill to divide the Sioux reservation in Dakota was reported. The resolution to abolish the call of states on the first and third Mondays was called up. On ordering the previous question the vote stood, yeas 98, nays 20. No quorum. A call of the house was ordered. Pending the call a joint resolution introduced by McKinley was passed authorizing the war and navy departments to lend their bunting for decoration purposes on March 4. At 2:15 the house adjourned.

### SALOON TRAGEDY.

One Gambler Kills Another in Shelbyville, Indiana.

SHELBYVILLE, Ind., Jan. 5.—A terrible tragedy occurred here, in Reddin Doran's saloon, at 8 o'clock Friday evening by which Bill Berlis, alias Windy Bill, a well known gambler, met his death at the hands of Tom Peel, a gambler who came here about a year ago from Nicholasville, Ky. Berlis had heard that Peel had applied a vile epithet to him several days ago, in the presence of Joe Baxter, a mutual acquaintance, who afterward told Berlis about it.

Berlis met Peel on the street Friday evening and asked him about it, and Peel denied it. Berlis then insisted on Peel accompanying him to Doran's saloon, where Baxter was. Baxter substantiated the statement, and Berlis at once struck Peel a savage blow in the face, staggering him back against the wall. As soon as he recovered Peel drew his revolver and fired, shooting Berlis through the heart, and then fled, going to his hotel and out the back way, and so made his escape. Berlis' wife goes by the name of Flo Dowden, and is proprietress of a maison de joie in this city.

Forty Crafts Swept Away.

ST. JOHNS, N. B., Jan. 3.—During 1888 forty vessels, aggregating 17,343 tons, wholly or partly owned in St. Johns, were swept out of existence. The value is estimated at \$650,000.

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## GRIST MILL BOILER EXPLODES.

The Mill Totally Demolished and Five Men Killed and Several Injured.

PARKERSBURG, W. Va., Jan. 7.—By the explosion of a boiler near the village of New Hope, in Mercer county, Saturday, several persons lost their lives and others were badly injured and are now dying. The boiler which exploded was in a grist mill owned by James Carter. It was early in the morning, and the mill had just begun grinding for the day. Quite a number of farmers had arrived and were awaiting the filling of their orders.

There was all at once a hissing sound as of escaping steam, and then there came a terrible rumble quickly followed by a loud report that was heard two miles away. The boiler had exploded. It shattered the mill, which was a two-story structure, partly of stone work and partly frame, and scattered fragments in many yards. A piece of the boiler and a door of the mill were found nearly forty rods away in a field.

Every one of the farmers who were in the mill were either killed outright or badly injured.

The killed were:

William Carter, a brother of the miller.

Lafe Shields, farmer.

John Wimmer, farmer.

Joe French, farmer.

Eli Shields, a brother of Lafe, who was so badly scalded he died a few hours afterward.

The injured:

James Carter, the miller, was badly scalded and bruised by the debris, but may recover.

Wade Shuppleberger, the engineer, was burned about the head and body, and is dying.

Joe Carter, the miller's son, was badly burned and bruised, and suffered internal injuries.

The cause of the explosion was a defect in the boiler supply pipe, which allowed the water to leak.

### INAUGURATED.

The Governors of Both Maine and Massachusetts.

BOSTON, Jan. 4.—In his annual address to the legislature Governor Oliver Ames says that the finances of the state are in a gratifying condition. He urges speedy action on the resolve passed by last year's legislature, providing for an amendment to the constitution forbidding the manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquors as a beverage.

In order that the resolve may be submitted to the people at an early date. He earnestly recommends "as an act of simple justice" the enactment of a law securing municipal suffrage to women.

He says: "Recent political events have confirmed the opinion which I have long held that if women have sufficient reason to vote they will do so, and become an important factor in the settlement of great questions. If we can trust uneducated men to vote we can with greater safety and far more propriety grant the same power to women, who, as a rule, are as well educated and quite as intelligent as men."

Referring to prison labor, the governor says that the industries at the state prison, where business is transacted on the "public account" system, are in a very satisfactory condition. All the prisoners are employed in labor upon industries established in the workshops during the past year.

Under this system the discipline of the prison is much better maintained than it was under that of contracts, and the financial results will prove much more satisfactory.

Governor of Maine Inaugurated.

AUGUSTA, Me., Jan. 4.—Governor Burleigh was inaugurated in the presence of the legislature, and delivered his message of which the following is an abstract:

The message of Governor Burleigh reports the various institutions of the state in excellent condition, and that the financial condition of the state is one which will soon justify a further reduction of taxation.

He recommends that the legislature memorialize congress, asking that representatives in congress and presidential electors be chosen on the second Tuesday of October, beginning with the year 1892.

### PITIALE, INDEED.

An Awful Tale of Destitution Among Norwegians in Dakota.

FARGO, Dak., Jan. 7.—A most pitiable story comes from White county, in the northern part of the territory. Two men had been sent with provisions to distribute among Norwegian settlers in that region, report having distributed the goods as fairly as they could among fifteen families, but said they knew of between forty and fifty families that were equally as destitute. In these are an average of five or six little ones to the family, without pants, coats, dresses, stockings, shoes, caps, mittens, or anything but a few old rags. They were in hope of getting a good crop and then buying clothes when it was sold. When frost came and took their crop they had absolutely nothing on which to live.

They are mainly Lutherans, and, not complaining, their real condition was unknown. Most of them have been living on a kind of porridge, made by cooking up their frozen green wheat and oats. One family had not seen any flour for six weeks. Nearly all were entirely out of or nearly so. Some have enough to last three or four days yet, but no potatoes or turnips. The people have been dividing with each other while their provisions lasted. One woman had on nothing but a thin calico dress, and was barefooted. When given a few clothes she first laughed, then cried and blessed her benefactors. Rev. O. M. Rides, of Park River, Wash county, will distribute any goods sent to the sufferers.

Ben. Hopkins Dead.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 7.—Ben. Hopkins, the ex-cashier of the Fidelity National bank of this city, died at his home on Richmond street at 6:30 a. m., surrounded by all the members of his family except his son William, who is now in the county jail charged with being implicated with the Charles C. Tinkler forgery.

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## OHIO NEWS NOTES

Gathered From Various Parts of the Buckeye State.

It is said that a bill will be introduced during the coming session of the Ohio legislature which will completely revolutionize the city government of Cincinnati.

There were fewer business failures in Cincinnati during 1888 than there have been for five years past.

All the pupils of the public schools at Columbus, O., are to be vaccinated.

The Ohio Woman Suffrage association will hold meetings in Columbus, O., on the 15th and 16th of January.

Two pupils of the Columbus deaf and dumb asylum were drowned while skating. One of them was Jacob Reisklock, an orphan boy from Cincinnati.

Andrew Squire, the attorney for the bondsmen of the defaulting treasurer, Thomas Axworthy, returned to Cleveland from London, Tuesday, with \$100,000 of the stolen money.

Mansfield is crying for a base ball club.

North Solon, O., has several cases of smallpox.

A huge panther has been captured in Pickaway county, Ohio.

Heddenburg college boys took a funny streak and entered the room of a fellow-student, P. W. Koonsman, emptied his trunk, tied it to the ceiling, burned letters and papers and stole a suit of clothes. They will receive a course of polishing off in the courts.

Investigation shows that the defalcation of Louis Bauman, late city clerk of Lancaster, O., amounts to \$11,354.00. Bauman is believed to be in Canada.

The Ohio Woman Suffrage association will hold meetings in Columbus, O., on January 15 and 16.

Mrs. Flora Weaver, of Greenville, O., is committed to the insane asylum from the effects of scandalous anonymous letters.

Three fourth-class postmasters in Holmes county, Ohio, have resigned.

George M. Robinson was run over and killed by cars at Newport, O.

Glencoe, O., has gone crazy. Struck a 1,000-barrel oil gusher.

At Berea village, near Cleveland, Miss Dora Eismen went out to feed the chickens, and was murdered by a man hidden in the chicken coop. Her recovery is doubtful.

At Columbus, O., the Order of Red Men complains that August Knebrich "presumed on his title of 'Great Keeper of Wampum,'" and kept to the wampum to the tune of \$300. They are after the head of Injun's scalp via the circuit court trail.

While hunting near Millersburg, O., a young man named Christopher was seriously injured by the accidental discharge of a gun.

The Cushman telephone plant at Findlay, O., has been turned over to the Bell company, which will hereafter operate the exchange.

Dr. Charles Osterlin, the discoverer of natural gas in Findlay, Ohio, was stricken with paralysis and is now lying in a critical condition. He is eighty-two years old.

The report of the Buckeye pipe line shows the runs for the year in the Ohio oil fields to have been 8,860,530 barrels. If Ohio folks are not entitled to be called Greasers what are they?

The skeleton found in the woods near Taylor's mills, Wood county, Ohio, and supposed to be that of Mike Doublinger, proves to belong to George Balleau, a lumberman who disappeared March 14.

The Central Union Telephone company, of Ohio, begins suit at Akron against the Sprague Electric Railway company. The plaintiffs complain that the electricity and noise of the railway destroy the usefulness of the telephone. It is a test case.

### White Caps Defeated.

WEST JEFFERSON, O., Jan. 5.—A few nights ago three or four men visited the homes of J. S. Stone and Clark Silvers, living on Glade Run, about five miles from here, and rocked their houses, leaving a White Cap notice. Thursday night they appeared at Silvers' and awoke him by throwing boulders on his house. Silvers had procured a double-barreled shotgun, and had it loaded for them. When they appeared Silvers fired both barrels into the crowd at short range.

The lead took effect on one or more from the noise made by the men while fleeing from Silvers' place. In the morning, upon examination, the ground was found covered with blood. Stone came to town and procured a supply of ammunition, and says he will be prepared to receive the White Caps in good shape.

### An Old Gas Well Works.

SIDNEY, O., Jan. 3.—An abandoned gas well within Sidney corporation celebrated New Year's by unceremoniously blowing off with marvelous vigor, resulting in the discharge of a mass of oil, volumes of water and a shower of pebbles. The well was drilled in 1885. The stockholders agreed to discontinue among themselves, and work ceased. Last June a contract was made to further develop the well which was duly shot when a depth of 1,273 feet was reached. A small flow of gas was the result, but the well was counted worthless and abandoned. It was plugged up, and Tuesday it blew off the top with the result described.

### An Unknown Man Burned to Death.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Jan. 3.—The nude body of a man severely burned was found Tuesday morning in a ditch near Fairview, four miles west of Indianapolis. Monday night the man was seen in the woods beside a fire, and it is supposed that while asleep he rolled into the flames. When awakened the man ran down the railroad track for a quarter of a mile. His clothing was burned entirely from his body. He was apparently about sixty years old.

### The Prize Raw Egg Eater.

CRAWFORDSVILLE, Ind., Jan. 4.—Case Arnold, a laborer who came here recently from Attica, accomplished the remarkable feat of eating sixty-two raw eggs at the People's theater last evening. His backers offered to bet that he could eat five dozen more, but there were no takers, several hundred dollars having already changed hands on the result. After the exhibition Arnold adjourned to a restaurant and indulged in a hearty meal, one much larger than most men would eat when hungry.

### Demolished By Dynamite.

SANDUSKY, O., Jan. 5.—While Matthew Doro was thawing out some frozen dynamite in his cookstove Friday the stuff exploded, completely wrecking the house, blowing out all the windows, tearing off all the doors and carrying away part of the roof. Doro, his wife, two children and his father-in-law, Joseph Heffel, were in the house. All miraculously escaped injury except Heffel, who is in delicate health and was so badly injured he will die.

### Governor Hill has just appointed

George B. McClellan, son of Little Mac, an aid on his staff. This makes young McClellan a Colonel at a jump. He is one of the Wall street reporters for the New York Herald.

## Smallpox at New Washington, Ohio.

Tiffin, O., Jan. 5.—The smallpox at New Washington is spreading rapidly. Two people were taken sick right in the town, making six bad cases and four others with symptoms. Business is stopped, and the people are fleeing from the place panic-stricken. Trains no longer stop. A rigid quarantine is being established.

## Murder in Toledo.

TOLEDO, O., Jan. 5.—Nicholas Sprouss, a prominent citizen, was robbed at midnight Friday night, near his residence on Woodruff avenue, and was probably fatally shot during the struggle. His assailants were two unknown men who made their escape. The police arrested two men on suspicion.

## Amendments to the Tariff Bill.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 4.—The sub-committee of the senate finance committee, having in charge the tariff bill, has practically agreed upon a number of important amendments to be offered in the senate before a vote is taken on the bill. These amendments are to be offered in satisfaction of an agreement reached before the bill was reported to the senate that after election certain concessions would be made to certain sections of the country.

It has been practically agreed to give to sugar producers a bounty equal to the reduction of 50 per cent. in the duty for which the bill provides. This country will be one cent on all sugars which are produced in this country. The committee has practically rejected a proposition to admit free of duty for experimental purposes for a year machinery used in the manufacture of sugar.

The duty on structural iron will probably be reduced from one cent and one mill per pound to eight or, at the most, nine mills per pound. The duty on lumber will probably be reduced to 12 1/2.

These amendments will possibly not be announced formally by the committee until they are proposed in the senate. There will be no division in the Republican ranks, and the tariff bill, as amended, will pass the senate January 21.

## MARKET REVIEW.

Quotations From Cincinnati and Elsewhere for January 7.

WHEAT—No. 1 hard, \$1.05; No. 2, \$1.04; No. 3, \$1.03; No. 4, \$1.02; No. 5, \$1.01; No. 6, \$1.00; No. 7, \$0.99; No. 8, \$0.98; No